

Table 4. Clinical characteristics of Cushing's syndrome patients

	Age (years)	Comorbidity	Diabetic complication	Treatment	Basal cortisol ($\mu\text{g/dL}$)	1 mg DST ($\mu\text{g/dL}$)	2-day 2 mg DST ($\mu\text{g/dL}$)	ACTH (pg/ml)	Midnight cortisol (23:00) ($\mu\text{g/dL}$)	8 mg DST ($\mu\text{g/dL}$)	CS etiology
Patient 1	60	HT, CAD	DRP, DNP	OAD	23.6	3.67	5.37	113	10.3	2.67	PA
Patient 2	48	HT, HL	DNP, DPN	OAD+INS	11.3	2.89	3.7	10.4	10.5	7.02	AA
Patient 3	50	HL	DRP	OAD+INS	13.8	6.9	9	26.2	10.1	8.65	AA
Patient 4	73	HT, HL, CAD	DRP, DNP, DPN	OAD+INS	10.9	2.82	2.65	10.1	8.9	6.03	AA
Patient 5	66	HT, HL, CAD	DRP, DPN	OAD+INS	12.4	1.99	2.09	41	17.4	7.91	AA

AA: adrenal adenoma, CAD: coronary artery disease, HL: hyperlipidemia, HT: hypertension, DNP: diabetic nephropathy DPN: diabetic polyneuropathy, DRP: diabetic retinopathy, INS: insulin, OAD: oral antidiabetic, PA: pituitary adenoma.